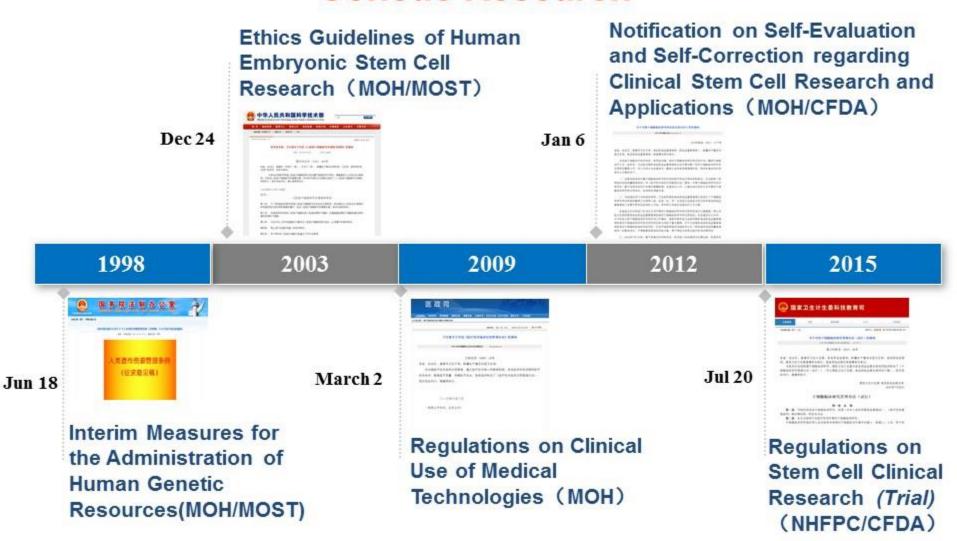
China's Policy on Stem Cell research and application

Qi Zhou, Ph.D.

Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing

Potential uses of Stem cells Stroke Baldness Traumatic brain injury Blindness Learning defects Alzheimer's disease Deafness Parkinson's disease Amyotrophic lateral-Missing teeth sclerosis Wound healing Myocardial Bone marrow infarction transplantation Muscular (currently established) dystrophy Spinal cord injury Diabetes Osteoarthritis Multiple sites: Crohn's disease Rheumatoid arthritis Cancers

Policy, National Regulation Related to Human Genetic Research



^{*} The Ministry of Health (MOH), The Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST)

China Food and Drug Administration (CFDA), National Health and Family Planning Commission(NHFPC)

Policy, National Regulation Related to Human Genetic Research



- Ethics Guidelines of Human Embryonic Stem Cell Research, 2003, MOH and MOST
 - -- To prescribe the basic principles that should be followed in carrying out human embryonic stem cell research, including scope of research activity, research content of embryonic stem cell that should be allowed and forbidden to carry out, "Informed consent" and so on.



- Regulations on Clinical Use of Medical Technologies, 2009, MOH
 - -- To establish medical technology access and management system, which stem cell transplant technology was grouped into category III medical technology, which included technologies considered as risky, ethically controversial and in need of clinical verification.

Policy, National Regulation Related to Human Genetic Research



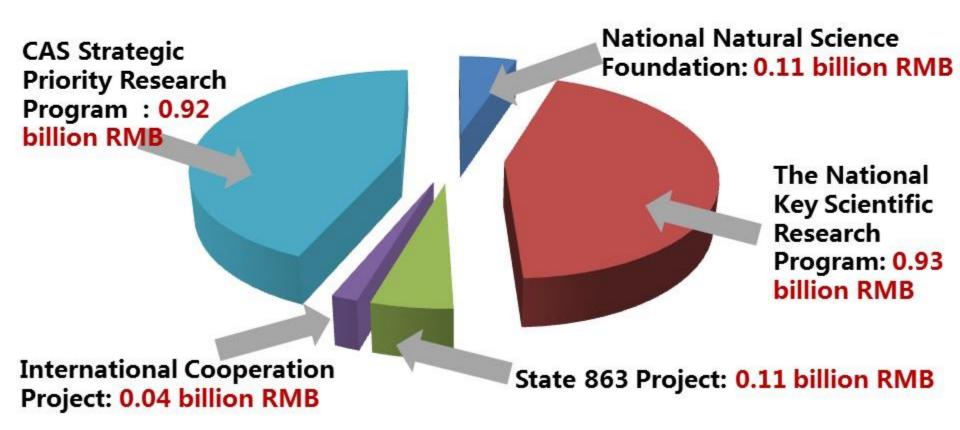
- Regulations on Stem Cell Clinical Research (NOT Trial), 2015, NHFPC and CFDA
- -- The main responsibilities of stem cell clinical trial research unit, ethics committee, expert committee and national and provincial health administration and food and drug regulatory authorities; clearly stipulated the declaration and record of stem cells, clinical research, rights and interests protection of donor and subject, report, supervision and punishment.



- Guidelines of Stem Cell Preparations Quality Control and Preclinical Research(Trial), 2015, NHFPC and CFDA
- -- For stem cell products quality control (collection, separation, and establishment of stem cell lines; preparation, inspection, and quality research of stem cell products) and preclinical research (the research and evaluation of stem cell product safety and effectiveness in preclinical stage).

Blooming stem cell research in China

According to incomplete statistics, the total stem cell field research funding is about 2 billion RMB (300 million USD) during 2010-2015.

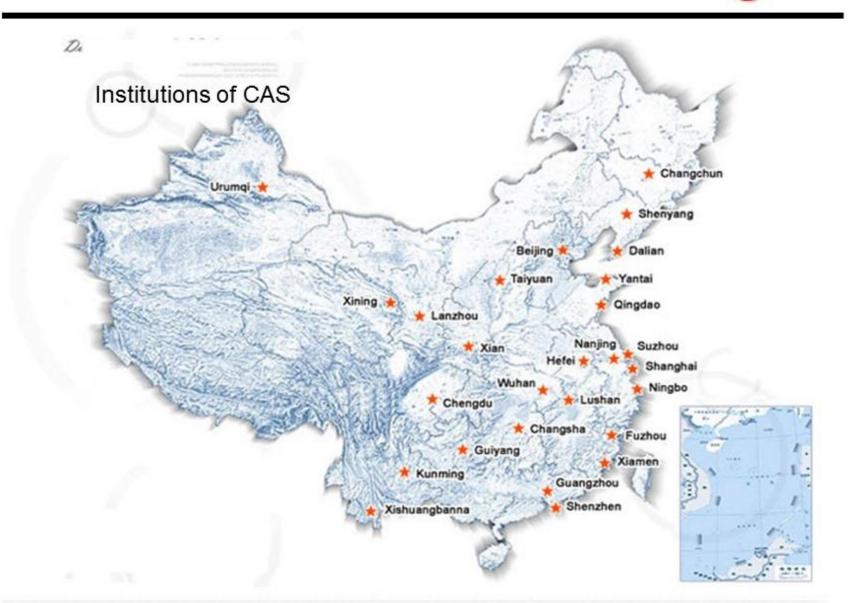


Blooming stem cell research in China

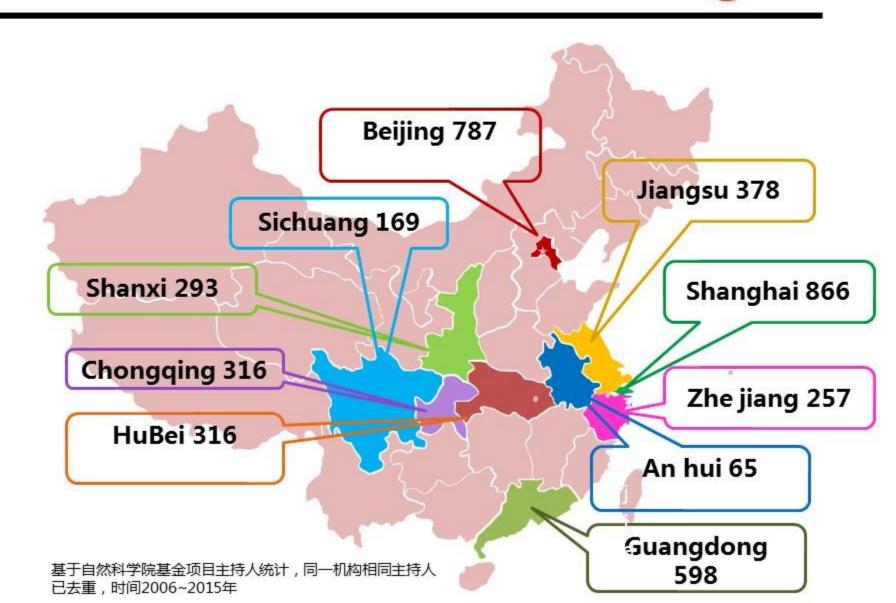
In the next five years (2016-2020), there will be 2.7 billion RMB(450million USD) funding for stem cell research in China.



China: face for the new challenges



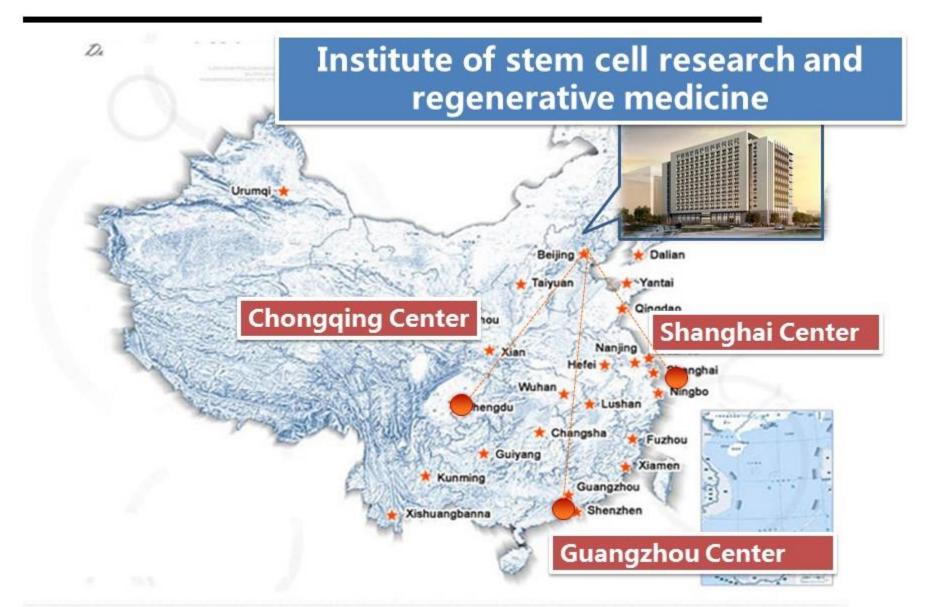
China: face for the new challenges



China: face for the new challenges



CAS: face for the new challenges



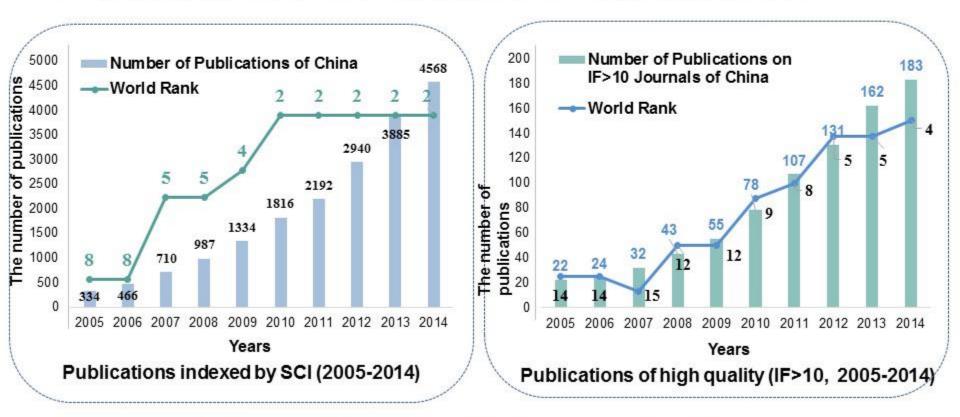


""As a stem cell research professional, I promise to dedicate myself to build a healthy environment for stem cell research and its application, and will follow rules and regulations such as those set by 'the Administration of Stem Cell-based Clinical Research' and 'Quality Control of Stem Cell-based Medicinal Products and Preclinical Stem Cell Research Guidelines'. I will restrain myself from unapproved stem cells or relevant procedures for any therapeutic purpose."



China's stem cell research publication

- China is ranked 2nd of total publications indexed by SCI since 2010
- China is ranked 4th of publications on IF>10 journals in 2014



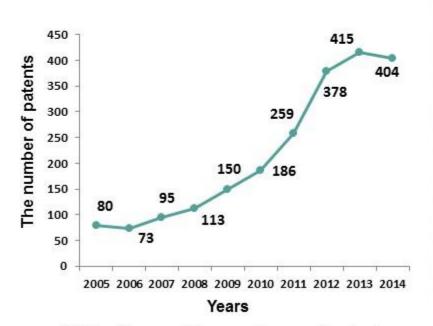
Both quantity and quality increase steadily



China's stem cell research patent

- China is ranked 2nd with a total of 2153 patents in 2005-2014
- China is ranked 6th with a total of 57 PCT patents in 2005-2014

No. of patent (family) applications in the field of stem cells contributed by China



^{*} Data Source: Derwent Innovation Index

No. of PCT applications and country distribution

Rank	Country/ Region	No. of PCT applications	Proportion of PCT applications/%
1	USA	690	10.7
2	Canada	257	15.2
3	Korea	134	7.0
4	Australia	82	25.2
5	Japan	72	4.4
6	China	57	2.5
7	UK	10	3.2
8	Russia	8	3.1
9	Germany	6	3.2

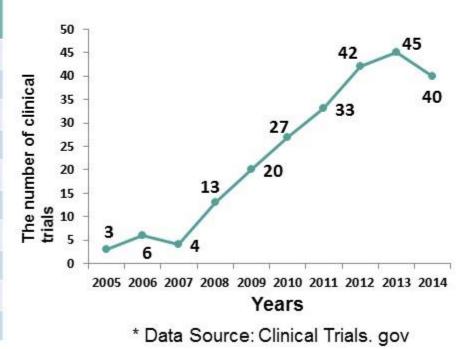
China's stem cell research clinical trials

Over 6000 studies of clinical trials related to stem cell research worldwide

Country ranking by No. of clinical trials in the field of stem cell research

Rank	Country/Region	Number
1	USA	3383
2	Germany	382
3	France	349
4	Canada	328
5	Italy	286
6	China	268
7	UK	229
8	Spain	223
9	Korea	192
10	Australia	161

No. of clinical trials in China in the field of stem cell research



China's stem cell industrialization developme

Dozens of related enterprises are engaged in stem cell industry



THERAPEUTICS. INC. OWN the first approved stem cell drug



15.19 overall planning for the stem cell industry chain



3.05
pioneer of embryonic stem
cell treatment



1.59 runs stem cell storage business



1.43
achieve adult stem cell transplant clone for the first time



China's first stem cell company on NASQAQ



0.39 leading in the field of neural stem cells



0.06 mainly in stem cell therapy



unlisted

BIOHEART focus on the stem cell therapies of cardiovascular diseases



unlisted strong research capabilities



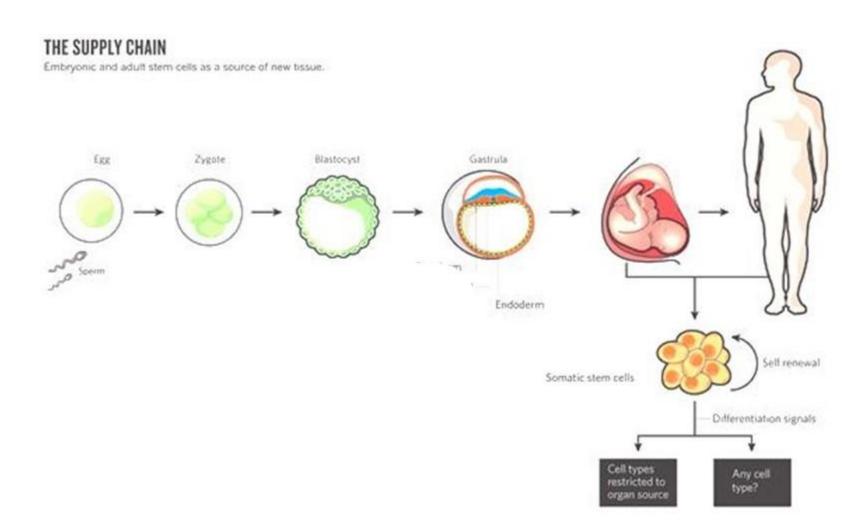
unlisted

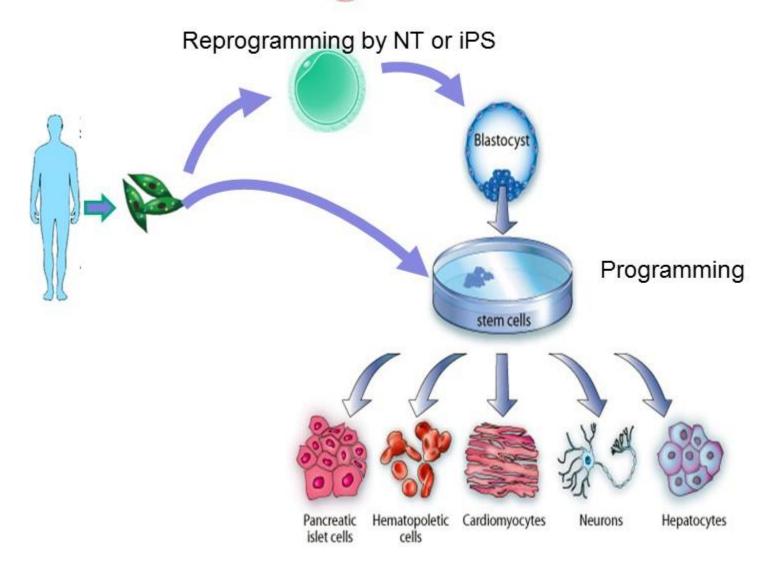
0.8

relying on the government to establish the largest comprehensive stem cell bank in the world

Over 20 billion RMB investment by 2015

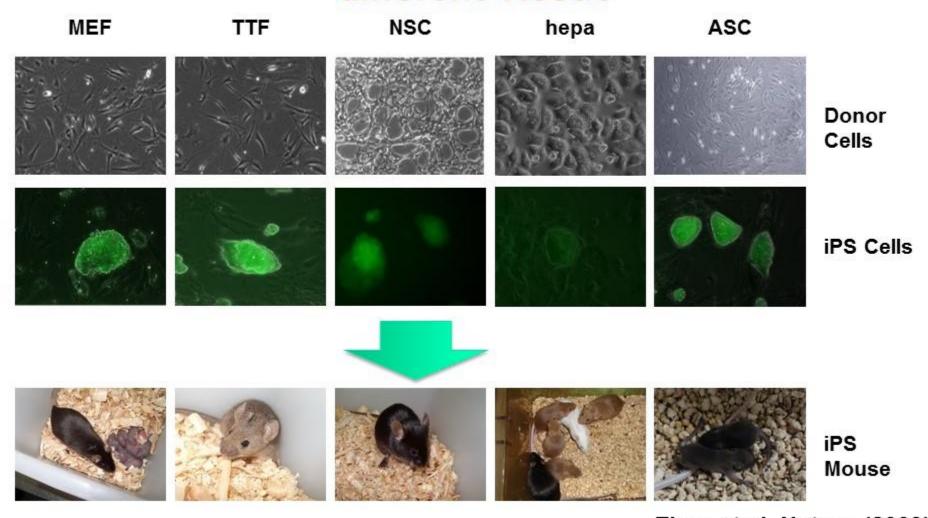
* market value by 2015 / billion RMB





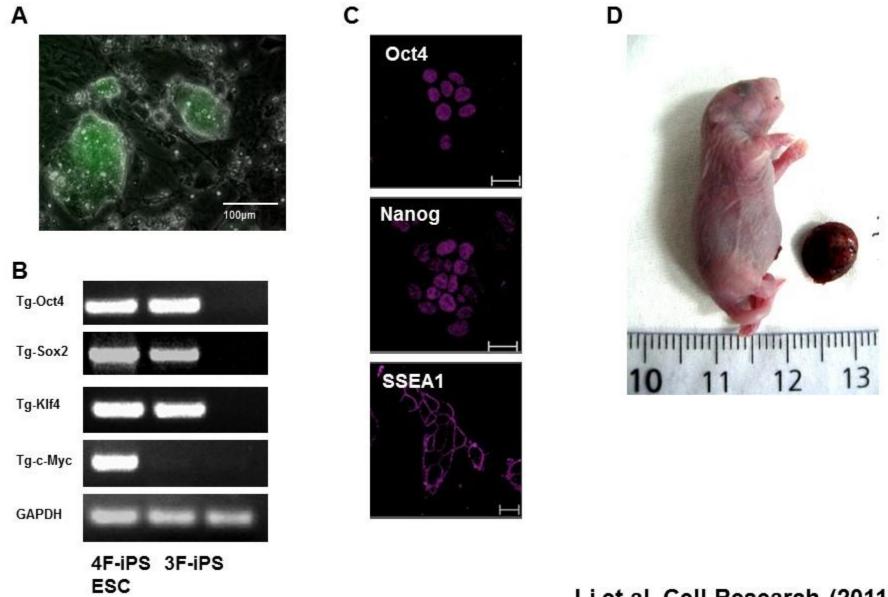


Full Pluripotent iPS Cells Generated From different Tissue



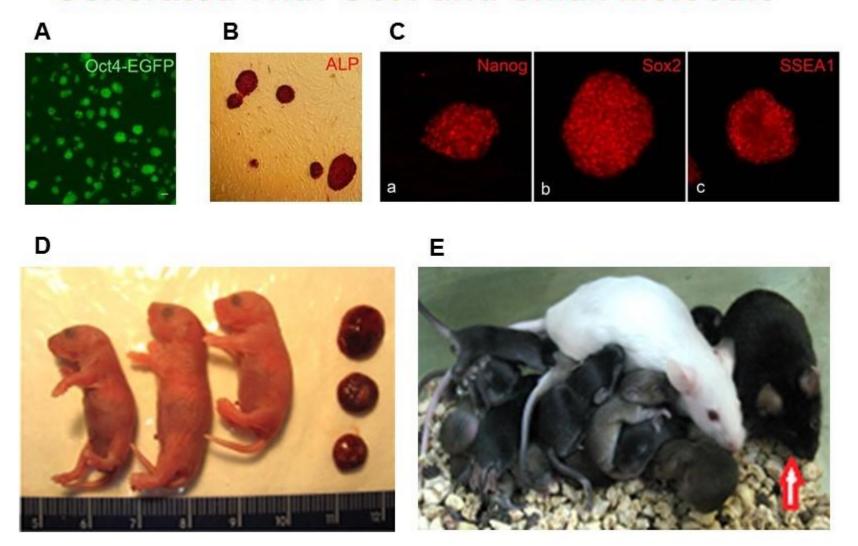
Zhao et al. Nature (2009) Zhao et al. Cell Research (2010) Zhao et al. Nature Protocol (2010)

Full Pluripotent iPS Cells Generated Without c-Myc



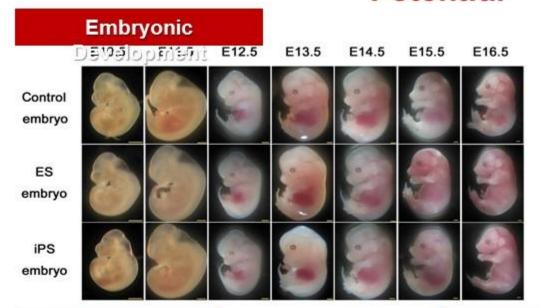
Li et al. Cell Research (2011)

Full Pluripotent iPS Cells Generated With Oct4 and Small Molecule

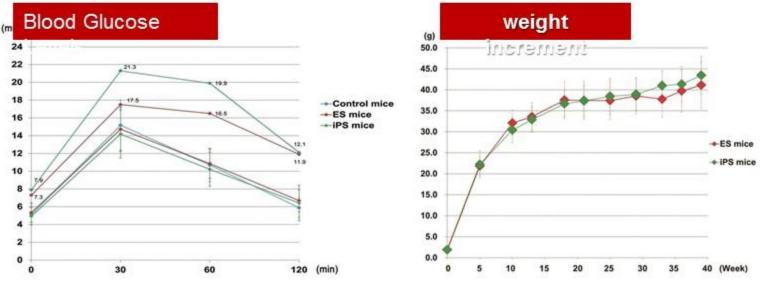


Yuan et al. Stem Cells (2011)

Safety Evaluation of iPS cells with full Development Potential

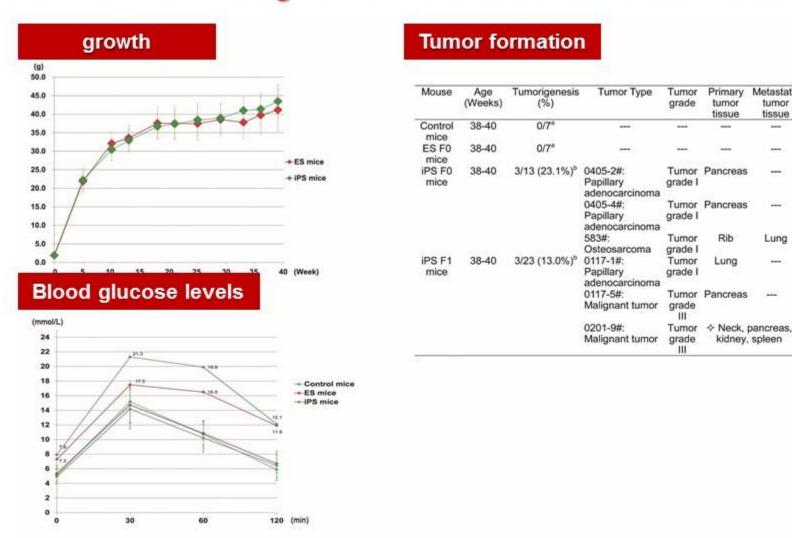


Adult iPS mice behaved normally, and were indistinguishable from ES mice in terms of intelligence test and clinical hematological analysis.



Tong et al. Cell Research (2011)

Are these fully iPS cell animals normal?



Metastatic

tumor

tissue

Lung

tumor

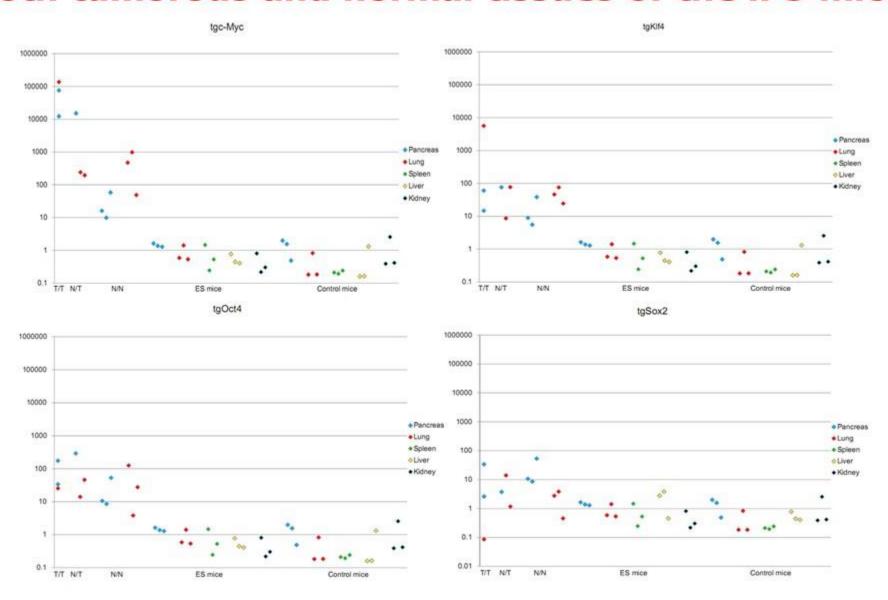
tissue

Rib

Lung

kidney, spleen

Expression of transgenic c-Myc, Klf4 and Oct4 in both tumorous and normal tissues of the iPS mice



Diploid parthenogenetic ES cells as a new tool for functional studies

Generating haploid ES cells?

Inbred mouse

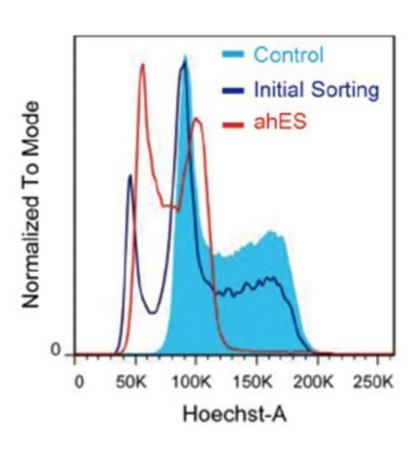


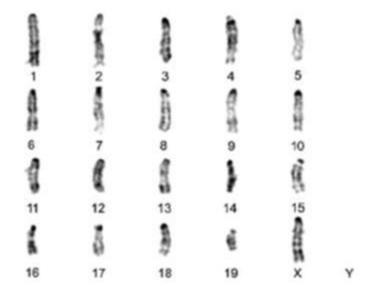
Predominant homozygous in any genomic locus

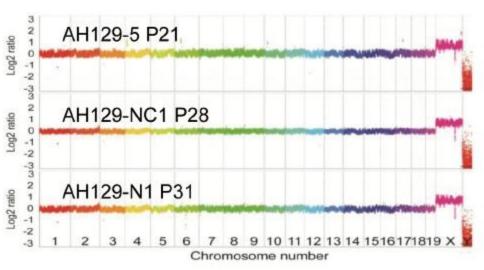


Good for functional studies of recessive genes

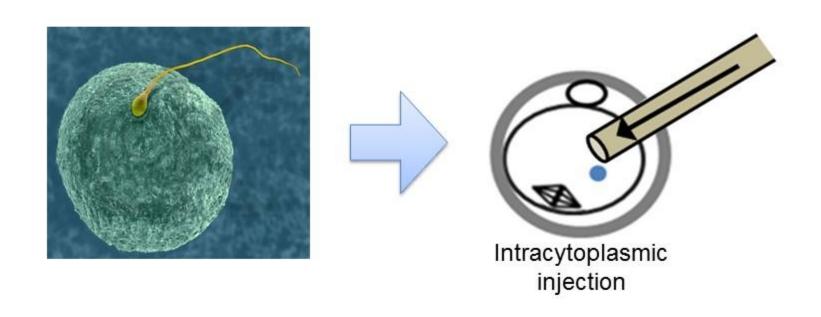
Haploidy test of mouse ahES cells



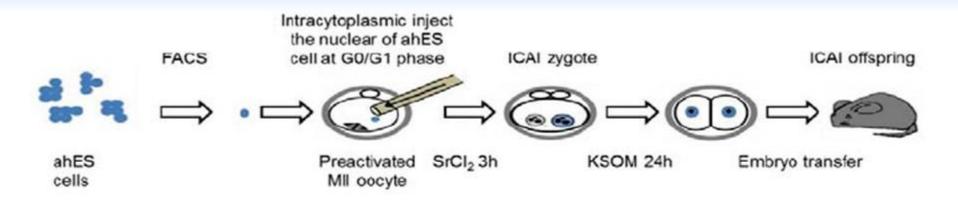


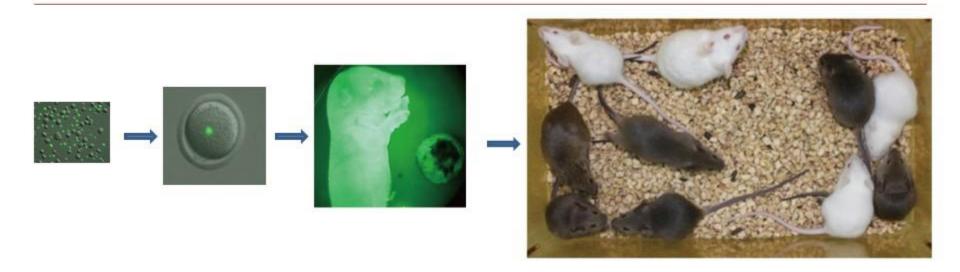


Can ahES cells take the place of sperm to support full-term development?

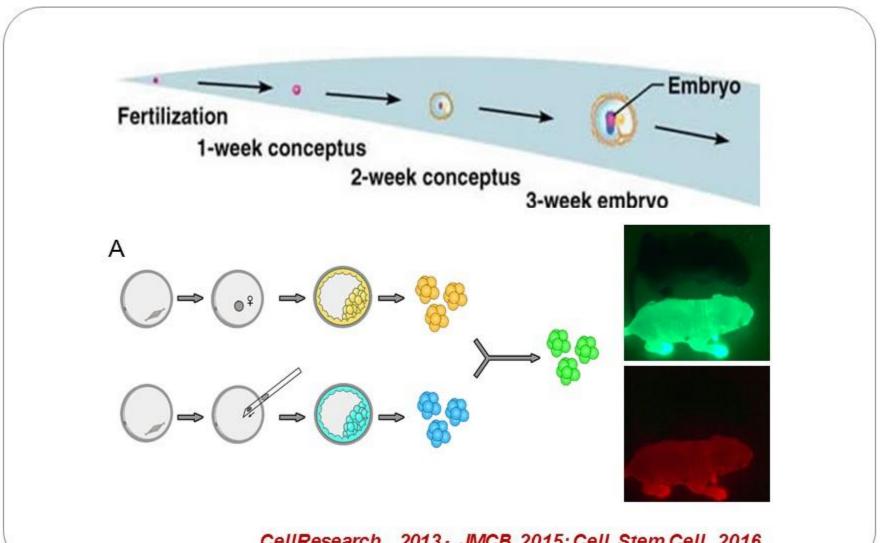


ahES cells produce fertile mice via intracytoplasmic injection into oocytes



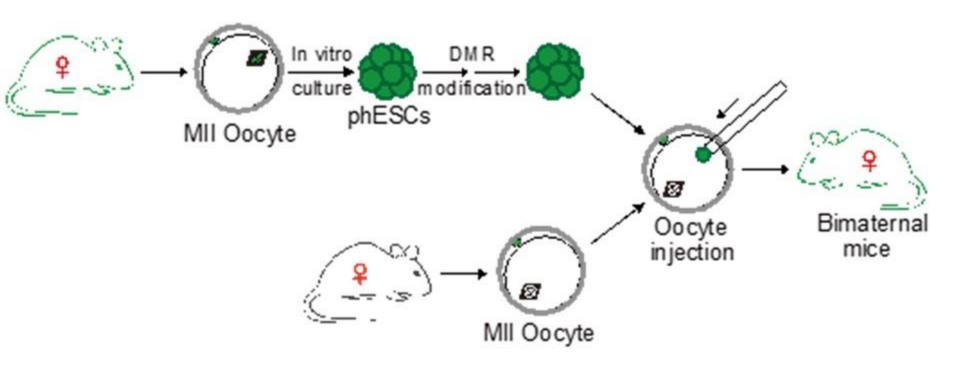


Is fertilization necessary?

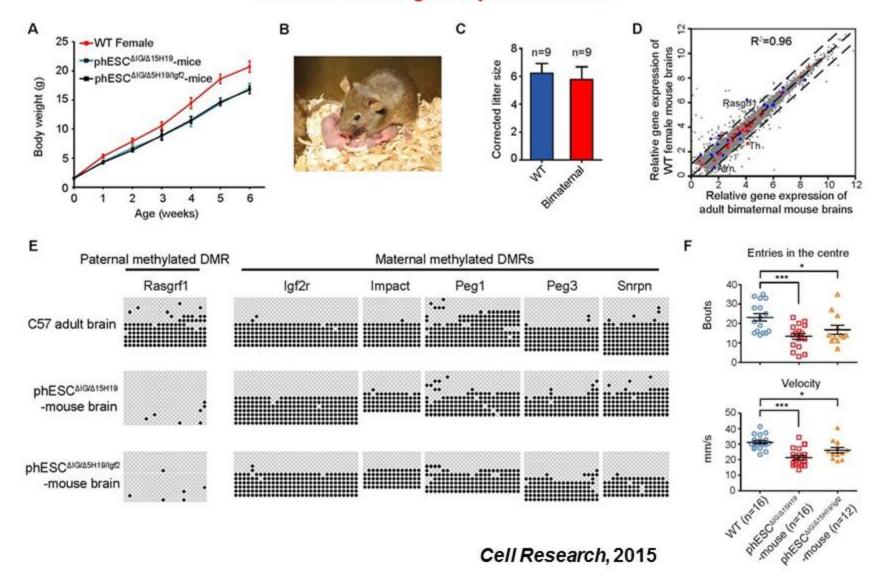


CellResearch, 2013; JMCB, 2015; Cell Stem Cell, 2016

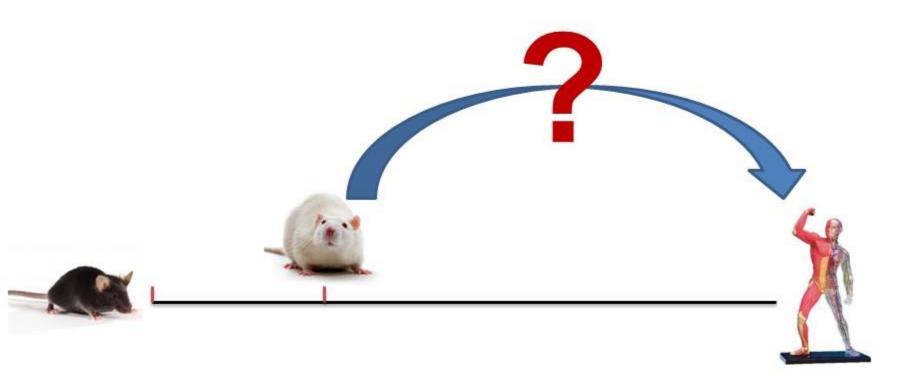
Generation of bi-maternal mice from phESCs by imprinting modifications?



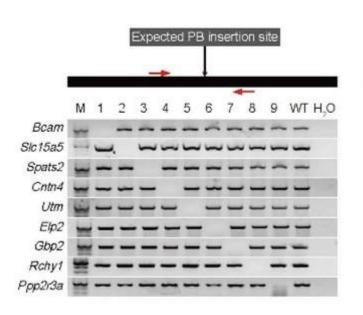
The bi-maternal mice had normal fertility, gene expression and methylation profiling, yet Rasgrf1 was aberrantly expressed

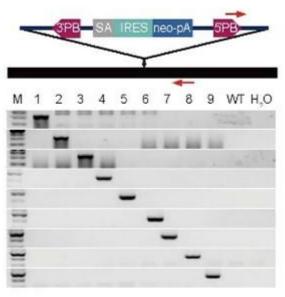


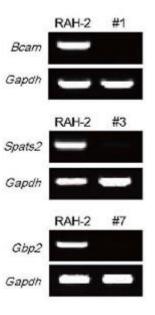
- ★★Derivation and application of haploid ES cells in other mammals?
- ★★Expand the application scope of haploid ES cells ?



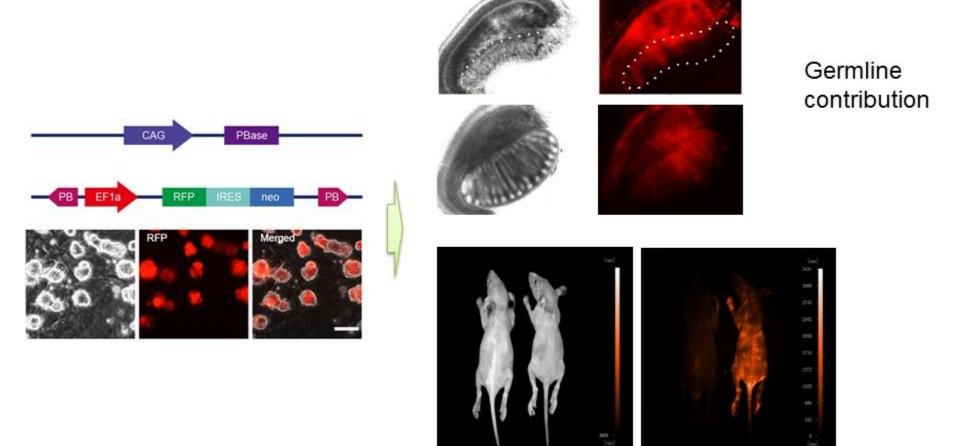
Generation of Genome-wide mutational ES cell libraries





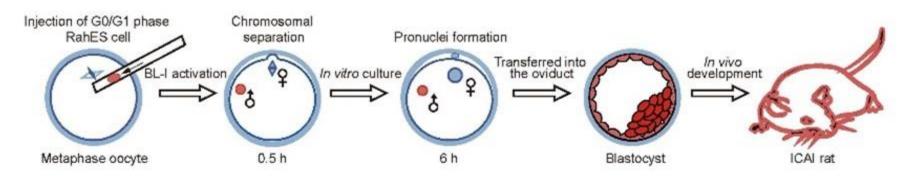


RahES cells produce transgenic rats via germline transmission



Cell Stem Cell, 2014

RahES cells produce transgenic rats via oocyte intracytoplasmic injection



One step from cellular level to animal level



Generated rats are fertile



Cell Stem Cell, 2014



Volume 164, Issues 1-2, 14 January 2016, Pages 279-292

Generation and Application of Mouse-Rat Allodiploid Embryonic Stem Cells

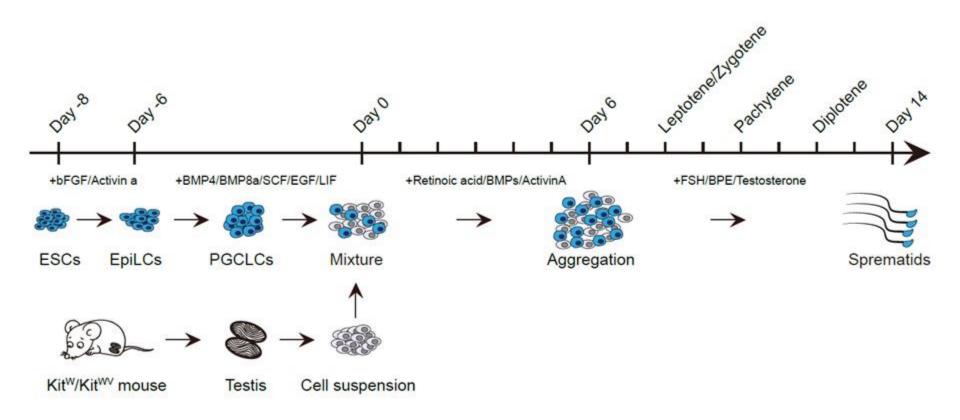
Xin Li^{1, 5}, Xiao-Long Cui^{1, 4, 5}, Jia-Qiang Wang^{1, 3, 5}, Yu-Kai Wang¹, Yu-Fei Li¹, Le-Yun Wang^{1, 3}, Hai-Feng Wan¹, Tian-Da Li¹, Gui-Hai Feng², Ling Shuai¹, Zhi-Kun Li¹, Qi Gu¹, Jie Hao¹, Liu Wang¹, Xiao-Yang Zhao¹, Zhong-Hua Liu³, Xiu-Jie Wang², Wei Li¹. ▲ · ■ , Qi Zhou¹. ▲ · ■



Highlights

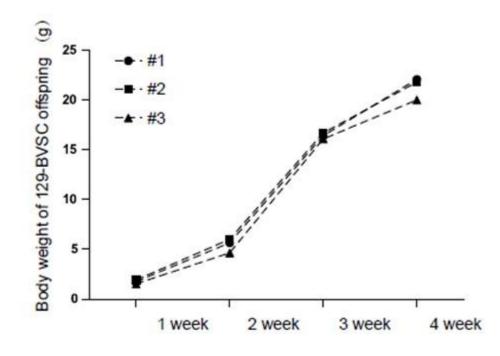
- The mouse-rat AdESCs are genetically stable and pluripotent
- The AdESCs exhibit mid-parent and species-biased gene expression patterns
- Mouse-specific X inactivation in allodiploid cells reveals Xi-escaping genes
 - The AdESCs provide a tool to study the species-specific pluripotency maintenance

Complete in vitro meiosis from embryonic stem cell-derived primordial germ cells by co-culture with neonatal testicular somatic cells and sequential exposure to morphogens and sex hormones.



In-vitro derived male gametes are functional to produce viable offspring in mice





Cell Stem Cell



Volume 18, Issue 3, 3 March 2016, Pages 330-340

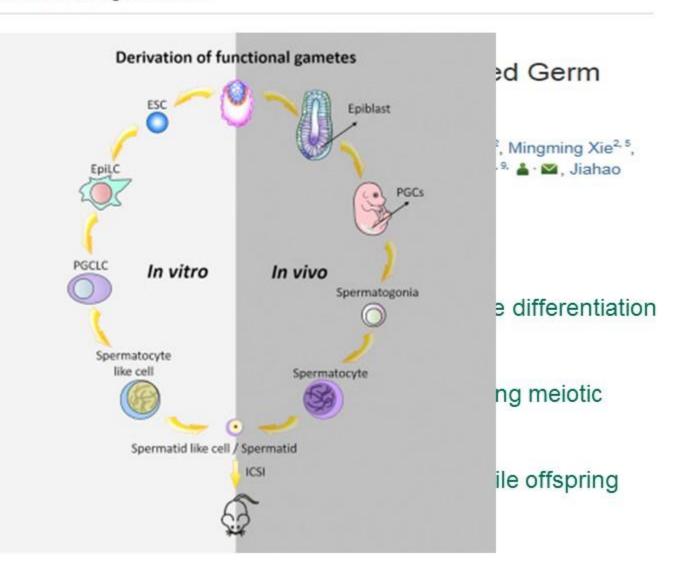
Article

Complete N Cells In Vitr

Quan Zhou^{1, 2, 8}, Me Mingxi Liu¹, Xuejian Sha^{1,} ♣ · ☑, Qi Zho

Highlights

- Haploid spe
 of ESCs
- This proces hallmarks
- Intracytopla



▶ 干细胞与再生医学领域发展现状



2012年美国FDA批准干性黄斑变性神经干细胞疗法的临床试验

Cell Stem Cell



Many of the stem cell lines used by academics and registered with the U.S. National Institutes of Health (NIH) would not be eligible for commercialization because they don't pass muster with the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

International Stem Cell Consortium Establishment of Standards for Clinical Embryonic Stem cells

Best Western Olympic Beijing Hotel, Beijing, China April 16-18, 2008, Beijing

 17 countries participated, including governors and representatives fromWHO, FDA, NIH, etc.



been prepared from the perspective of NESC culture but, in

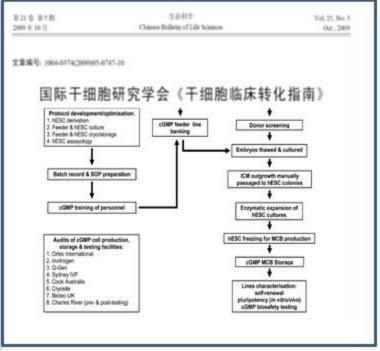
many respects, is broadly applicable to all human stem cell

lines including induced pluripotent stem cell lines

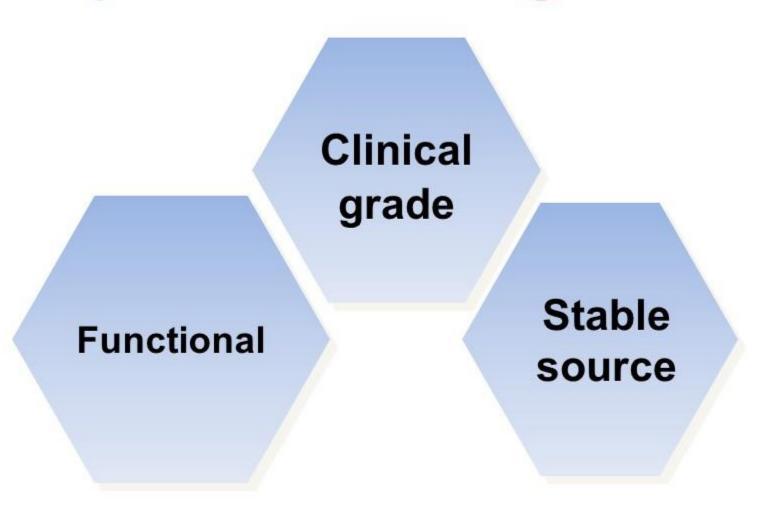
generation of erroneous data in the literature which could both

confuse and delay scientific progress in this area. Thus

ensuring that cell lines used in this dynamic field have the



Requirements of clinical grade cells



Clinical grade human stem cell bank (Beijing stem cell Bank)



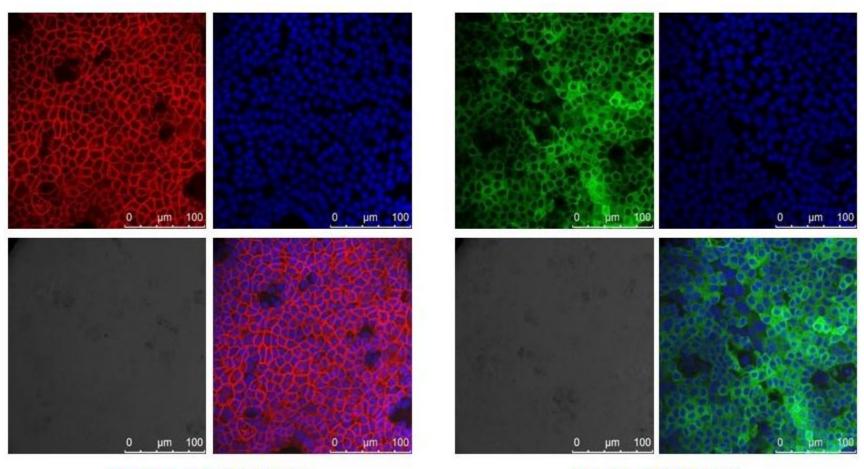


RPE for the treatment of age-related macular degeneration



Assessments of safety and efficacy are crucial before human ESC (hESC) therapies can move into the clinic. Two important early potential hESC applications are the use of retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) for the treatment of age-related macular degeneration and Stargardt disease

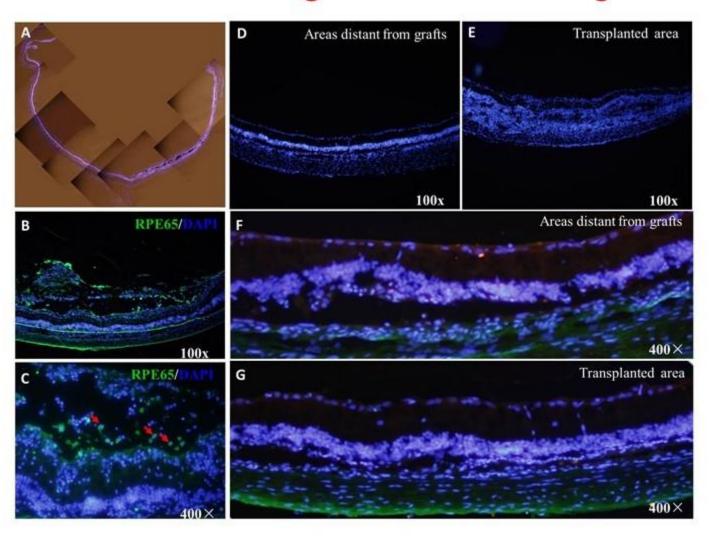
RPE for the treatment of age-related macular degeneration



Bestrophin/DAPI/P igment

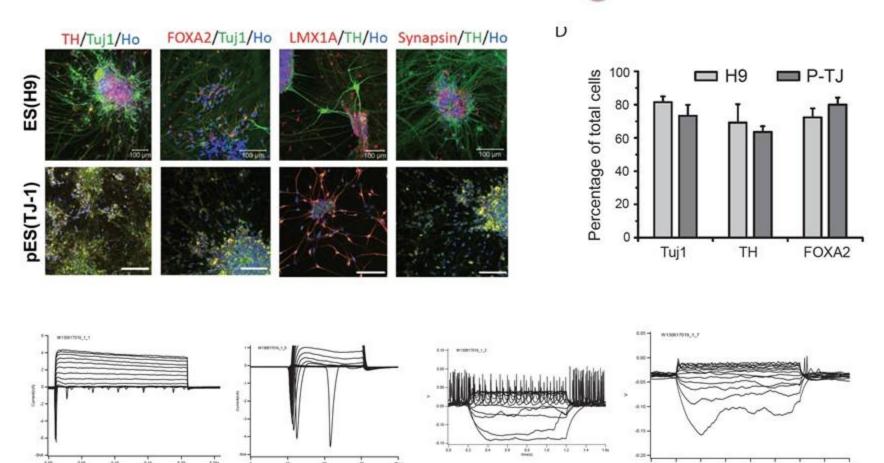
Cralbp/DAPI/Pi gment

RPE for the treatment of age-related macular degeneration



Parkinson Disease, the cell therapy in animal models

DA neurons from Clinical grade hESC



Clinical Rating

1. Tremor	R	0-3
	L	0-3
2. Posture		0-2
3. Gait		0-5
4. Bradykinesia geneneralized		0-5
5. Balance		0-2
6. Motor Skills upper	R	0-4
	\mathbf{L}	0-4
7. Defense Reaction		0-2
8. Freezing		0-2



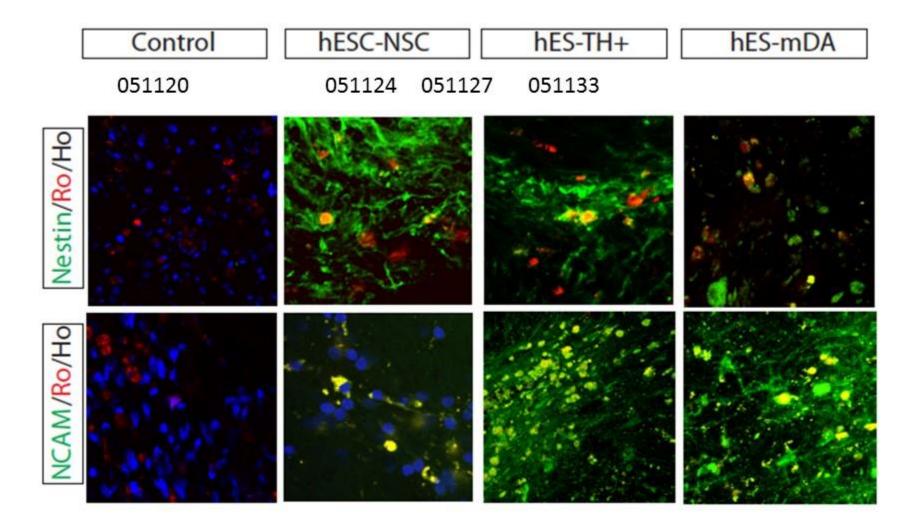
Left arm

similar to the symptoms of PD patients

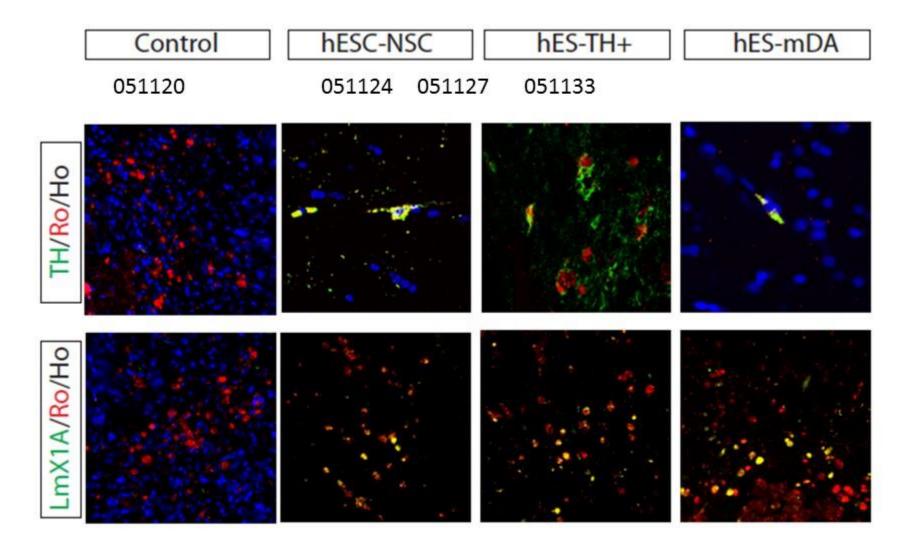
PD models and transplantation



Maturation of grafted cells



Integration of grafted DA neurons



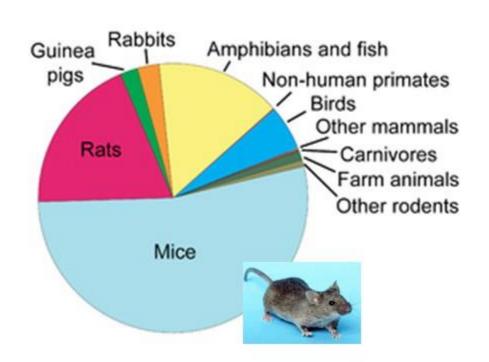
The clinical research: PD cell therapy



Animal Models: the Bottleneck of Regenerative Medicine

Why we need rodents and large animals?

Animal models used in FDA drug developmnet



Even after animal studies suggest that a treatment will be safe and effective, more than 80% of potential therapeutics fail when tested in people.

Mouse is good, but is definitely not enough.

Why we need other rodents and large animals?

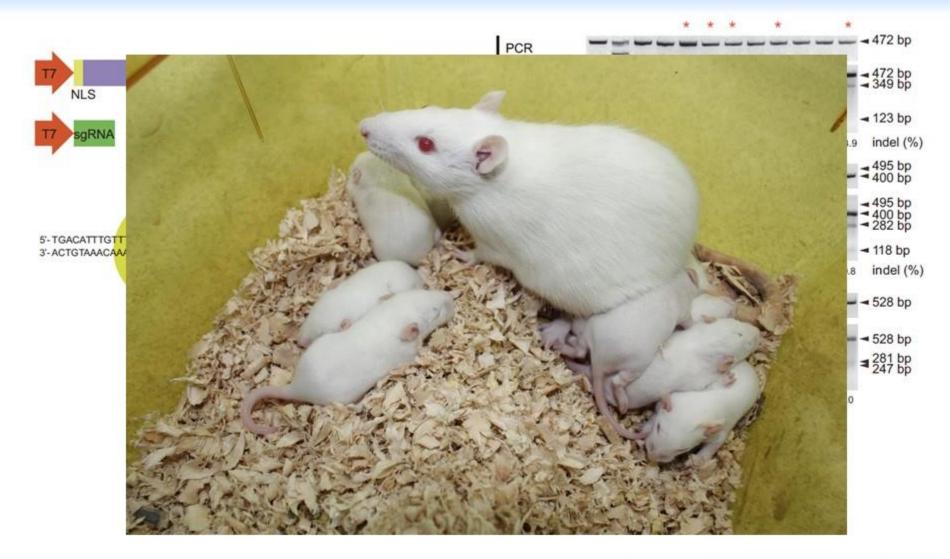






- Physiology
- Genomics
- Anatomy
- Immune reactions
-

Multiple gene mutations in rat using CRISPR-Cas systems

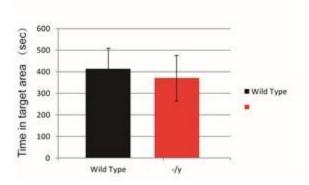


Rett syndrome rat: Mecp2 knockout





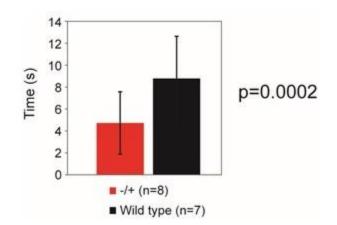
Male (8-9 weeks age)







Female (7-8 weeks age)

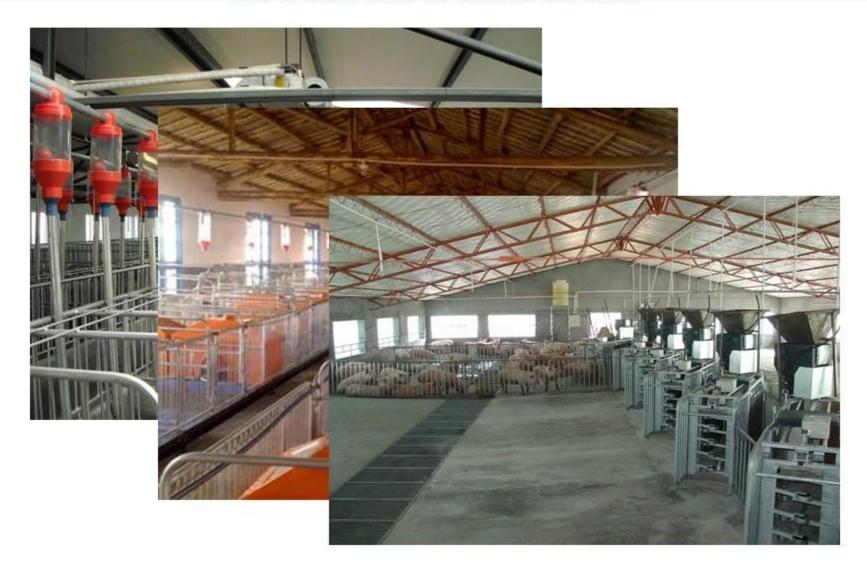


Compromised motor and learning abilities

One-step generation of knockout pigs by zygote injection of CRISPR/Cas system



Establishment of experiental min-pig research framework



Establishment of Monkey research framework



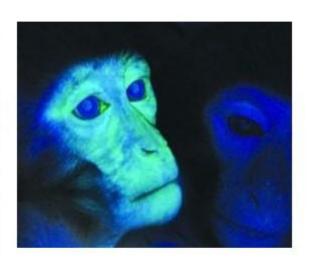
Development of transgenic models in non-human primates



2001, USA



2009, Japan



2010, China,

Bedside to Bench

Application

Diseased model

Cell differentiation

Safety evaluation

Clinical application

Mechanical and preclinical trials play most important role in stem cell fate decision and application in future!



Mechanical





International Stem Cell Forum



Health and Medical

Research Counci



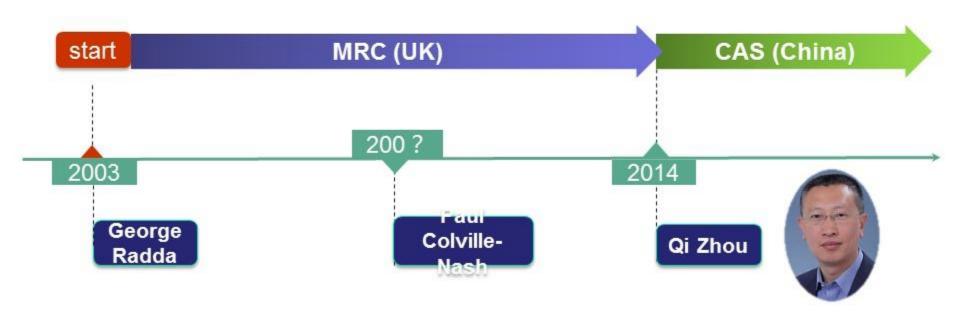
To date, International Stem Cell Forum (ISCF) has developed to 17 participating countries, including 11 member countries (UK, USA, China, Canada, Australia, Korea, Japan, Netherlands, Singapore, India, Sweden) and 6 observer countries / regions (Denmark, Israel, Taiwan, Swiss, Italy, Spain).



International Stem Cell Forum



The International Stem Cell Forum (ISCF) is made up of funders of stem cell research from around the world. It was founded in January 2003 to encourage international collaboration and funding support for stem cell research, with the overall aim of promoting global good practice and accelerating progress in this vitally important area of biomedical science.



China-Korea Joint Research Program



Government sponsored Korea-China Joint Research Project:

Cooperative development of stem cell based therapeutics for Asian population

Acquisition and banking of clinically useful stem cells

- Pluripotent stem cells derived therapeutic cells (C)
- Direct conversion-based therapeutic cells (K)
- Human pluripotent stem cell-derived cells as a model case (C)
- Human cord-blood-derived stem cells as a model case(K)

Production and evaluation of clinical grade stem cells

Quality control and pre-clinical evaluation

- Development of large animal models and long-term evaluation(C)
 - Development of small rodent models and evaluation (K)

strength

complementary

- Exchange scholar/students and training program(C/K)
- Regular joint symposiums on relevant important topics(C/K)

Development of bi-national collaborative platform

通過 MERCI

THANK YOU